

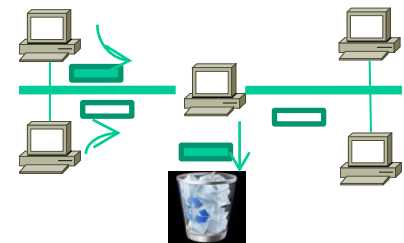
An Implementation in OMNeT++ of Linux Rules for IP Routing

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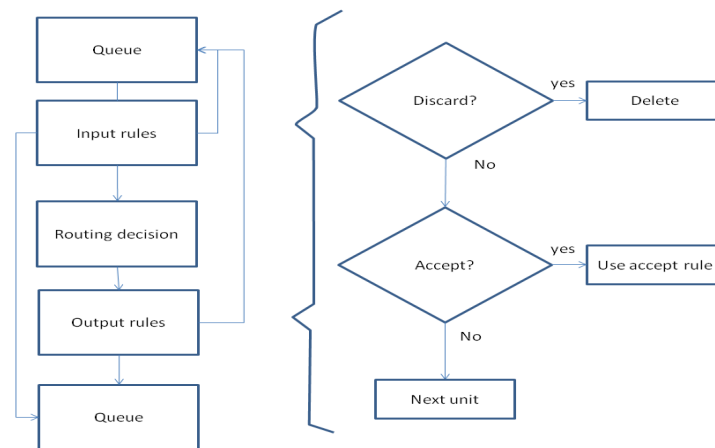
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- Typical IP routing merely based on the destination address
- Need for **complex filtering & forwarding mechanisms** at the IP layer. Examples:
 - Discard packets with specific characteristics
 - Forwarding criteria can be founded on other parameters (e.g.: TCP/UDP ports, source address, etc..)
- Linux: Alternative routing achieved with IP rules
- Goal: to **emulate IP rules** in OMNeT++



- Integrated within the Routing Tables of Inet
- Executed at the IP layer
- Rules applied upon the packet arrival or departure
- Rules allow packets to bypass the existing routing table
- Rules defined in the same configuration file of that used to characterize Linux IPTables
- New labels for rules: **<rules> </rules>**
- Rules specification imitates that of actual Linux rules



Example of an rule: delete all packets flowing from source address 192.168.1.1

```

<rules>
iptables -A INPUT -s 192.168.1.1 -j DROP
<rules>

```

-s	Source address to filter
-p	Destination Address to filter
-A (INPUT:OUTPUT)	The filter is used at the input or at the output
-p (tcp:udp)	Protocol
-sport	Source port
-dport	Destination port

- Rules for advanced forwarding.
- Rules to emulate selective random packet loss
- Rules to change the admission conditions dynamically
- Rules to duplicate packets (aiming at simulating multicast transmissions).
- Mechanisms to generate statistical results of the network performance